

# TECHNICAL DATA SHEET (Rev.2016)

## CARBO FIBER/BA-CF

(Particolari/Guarnizioni realizzate con processo di taglio da lastra con queste caratteristiche)

### Basis

Carbon fibres, NBR.

### General Properties and application

Gasket material with excellent resistance to steam and strong alkaline media. Gasket material for chemical and petrolchemical industry.

### Technical data (Thickness 2.0 mm)

Compressibility	ASTM F36/J	9	%
Recovery	ASTM F36/J	55	%
Tensile strenght	DIN 52910	8	MPa
Stress resistance	DIN52913		
— 16h, 300°C, 50MPa		25	Mpa
— 16h, 175°C, 50MPa		30	MPa
Specific Leak Rate	DIN3535/6	0,05	mg/(s m)
Thickness increase	ASTM F146		
— Oil IRM 903, 5h, 150°C		7	%
Max operating conditions			
— Peak temperature		400	°C
— Continuous temperature		300	°C
— Continuous temperature with steam		280	°C
Pressure		100	bar

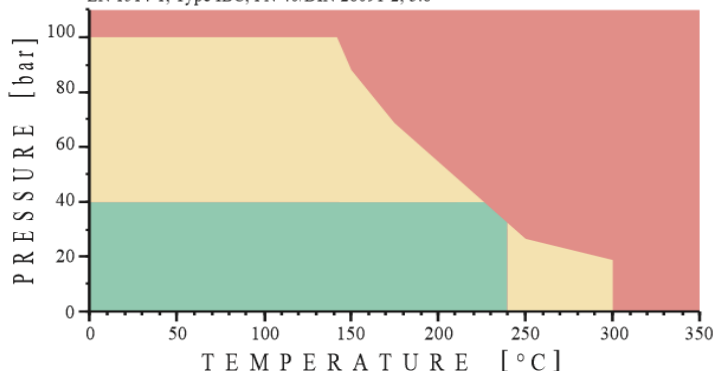
The temperature and pressure represent maximum values and should not be used simultaneously. They are give only for guidance, since they not only on the type of gasket material but also on the assembly condiction. Very important factor are thickness of material, nature of service medium, type of flange, surface stress. Steam application requires special consideration.

**APPROVALS:** DIN-DVGW, SVGW, KTW, HTB, BAM, UDT, CRS, BS 7531 Grade X

- General suitability using common installation practices under the condition of chemical compatibility.
- Max. performance is ensure through appropriate measures for joint design and gasket installation. Consultation is recommended.
- Limited application area - Technical consultation is mandatory.

### BA-CF, 2 mm

EN 1514-1, Type IBC, PN 40/DIN 28091-2, 3.8



### GASKET FACTORS

thickness(mm)	ASME-EN DIN28090			PVRC-ROTT			Max.Assembly stress $\sigma_v / Q_{max}$ (MPa)
	$y / \sigma_{vu}$ (MPa)	$m_1$	$m_{0,1}$	Gb (MPa)	a	Gs (MPa)	
1,5	20	2,5					
2	22	3					
3	25	4					




Follow the recommended installation procedures by regulations. If in doubt please contact Us or visit the web site:













































<http://www.laguarnizione.it/php/it/istruzioni.php>

ATTENZIONE: Valori ricavati da test eseguiti su normale giunto flangiato dove la superficie di appoggio è molto maggiore dello spessore. Per guarnizioni dalla fascia piccolina (Esempio raccorderia, ...) occorre fare i test sul campo.

Values derived from tests performed on a normal flanged joint where the surface of the support is much greater than the thickness. For small-band gaskets (for example fittings, ...), specific application tests must be performed.

## COMPATIBILITY

-  Recommended  
 Recommendation depends on operating conditions  
 Not recommended

Acetamide		Ethyl acetate		Oleum	
Acetic acid 10%		Ethyl alcohol		Oxalic acid	
Acetic acid 100%		Ethyl chloride		Oxygen	
Acetic ester		Ethylene		Palmitic acid	
Acetone		Ethylene glycol		Pentane	
Acetylene		Formic acid 10%		Perchloroethylene	
Adipic acid		Formic acid 85%		Phenol	
Air		Formaldehyde		Phosphoric acid	
Alum		Freon 12		Potassium acetate	
Aluminium acetate		Freon 22		Potassium bicarbonate	
Aluminium chlorate		Fuel oil		Potassium carbonate	
Aluminium chloride		Gasoline		Potassium chloride	
Ammonia		Glycerine		Potassium dichromate	
Ammonium bicarbonate		Heptane		Potassium hydroxide	
Ammonium chloride		Hydraulic oil (Mineral)		Potassium iodide	
Ammonium hydroxide		Hydraulic oil (phosphate ester type)		Potassium nitrate	
Amyl acetate		Hydraulic oil (glycol based)		Potassium permanganate	
Aniline		Hydrazine		Propane	
Asphalt		Hydrochloric acid 20%		Pyridine	
Barium chloride		Hydrochloric acid 36%		Salicylic acid	
Benzene		Hydrofluoric acid 10%		Silicone oil	
Benzoic acid		Hydrofluoric acid 40%		Soap	
Boric acid		Hydrogen		Sodium aluminate	
Borax		Isobutane		Sodium bicarbonate	
Butane		Isooctane		Sodium bisulphite	
Butyl alcohol		Isopropyl alcohol		Sodium carbonate	
Butyric acid		Kerosene		Sodium chloride	
Calcium chloride		Lead acetate		Sodium cyanide	
Calcium hydroxide		Lead arsenate		Sodium hydroxide	
Carbon disulphide		Magnesium sulphate		Sodium sulphate	
Carbon dioxide		Malic acid		Sodium sulphide	
Chloroform		Methane		Starch	
Chlorine, dry		Methanol		Steam	
Chlorine, wet		Methyl chloride		Stearic acid	
Chromic acid		Methylene dichloride		Sugar	
Citric acid		Methyl ethyl ketone		Sulphuric acid 20%	
Copper acetate		Milk		Sulphuric acid 96%	
Creosote		Mineral oil type ASTM no.1		Tar	
Cresol		Naphtha		Tartaric acid	
Cyclohexanol		Nitric acid 20%		Toluene	
Cyclohexanone		Nitric acid 40%		Transformer oil	
Decaline		Nitric acid 96%		Trichlorethylene	
Dibenzyl ether		Nitrobenzene		Water	
Dimethyl formamide		Nitrogen		White Spirit	
Dowtherm		Octane		Xylene	
Ethane		Oleic acid			